

# ***Everglades Stormwater Treatment Areas: Operations and Performance Update***



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***April 7, 2016***



# Everglades Stormwater Treatment Areas (STAs) and Flow Equalization Basins (FEBs)

## STAs (effective treatment area)

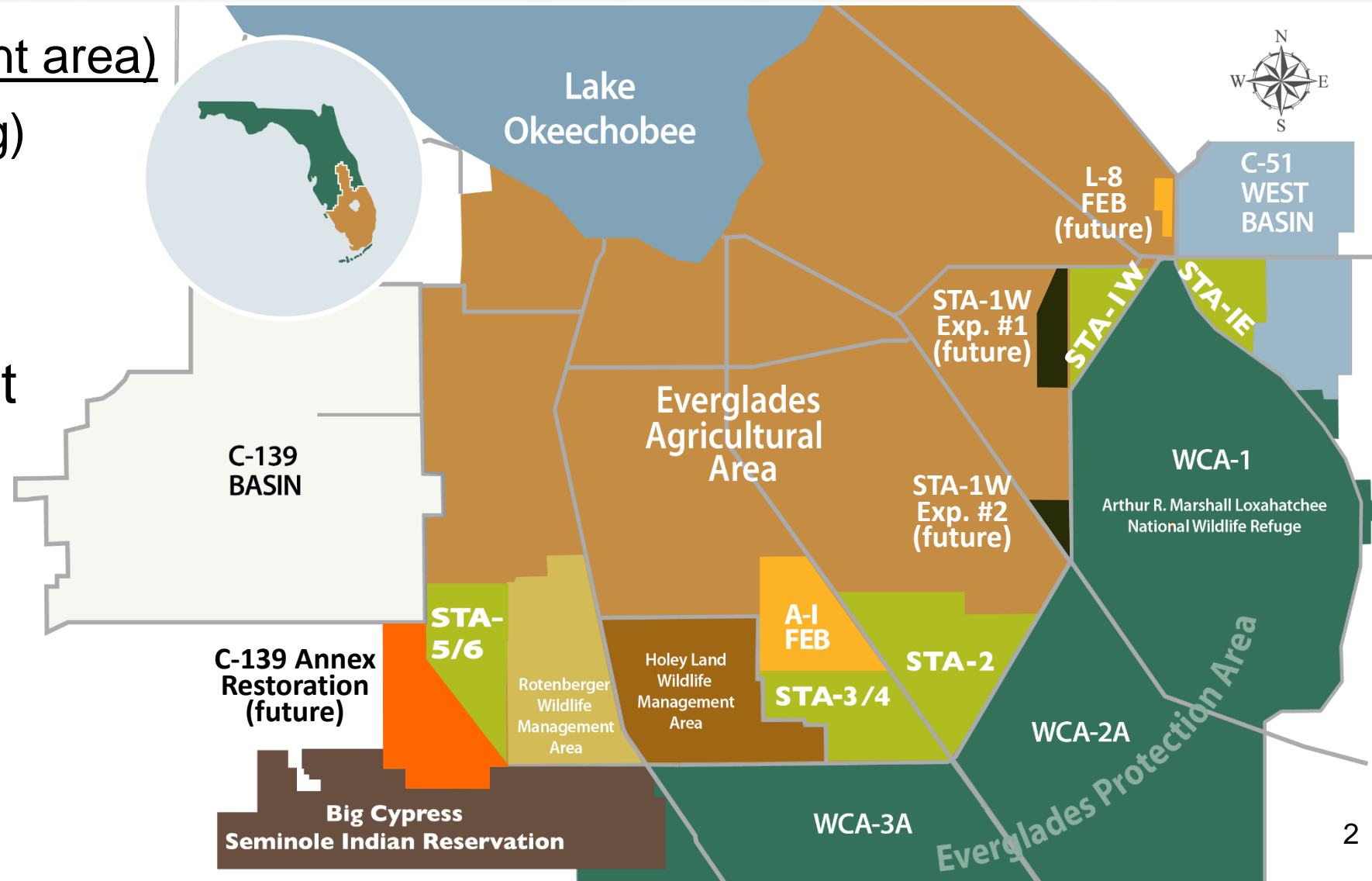
- 57,000 acres (existing)
- 6,700 acres (future)

## A-1 FEB

- 15,000 acres x 4 feet
- 60,000 acre-feet

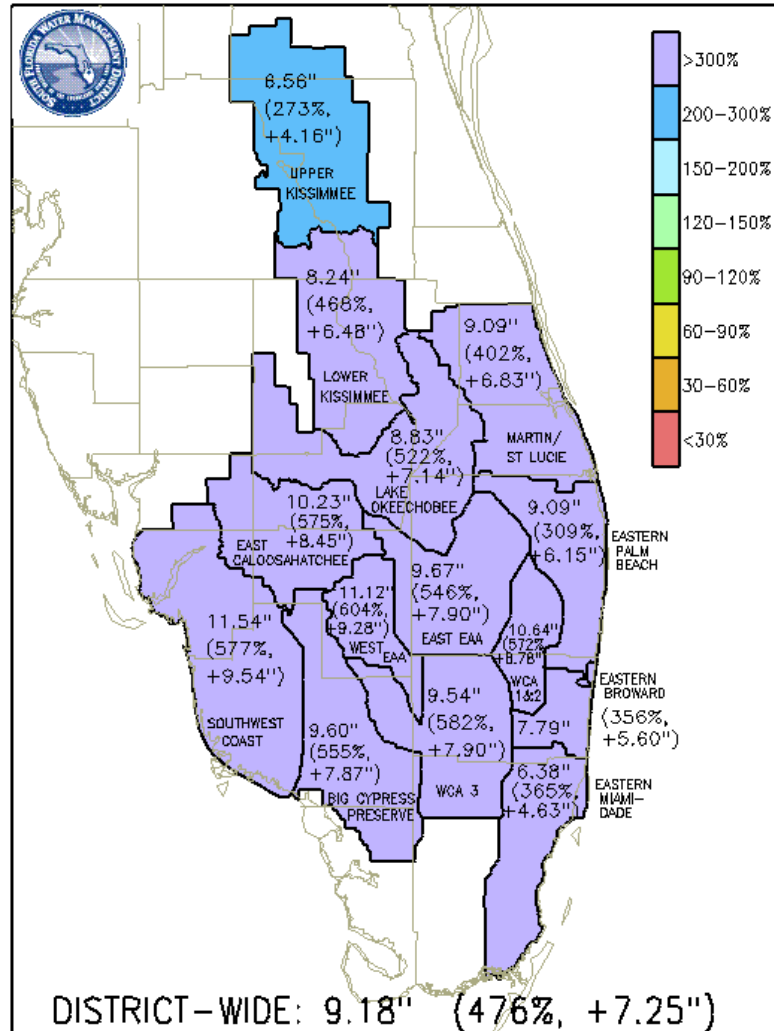
## L-8 FEB (future)

- 780 acres x 58 feet
- 45,000 acre-feet

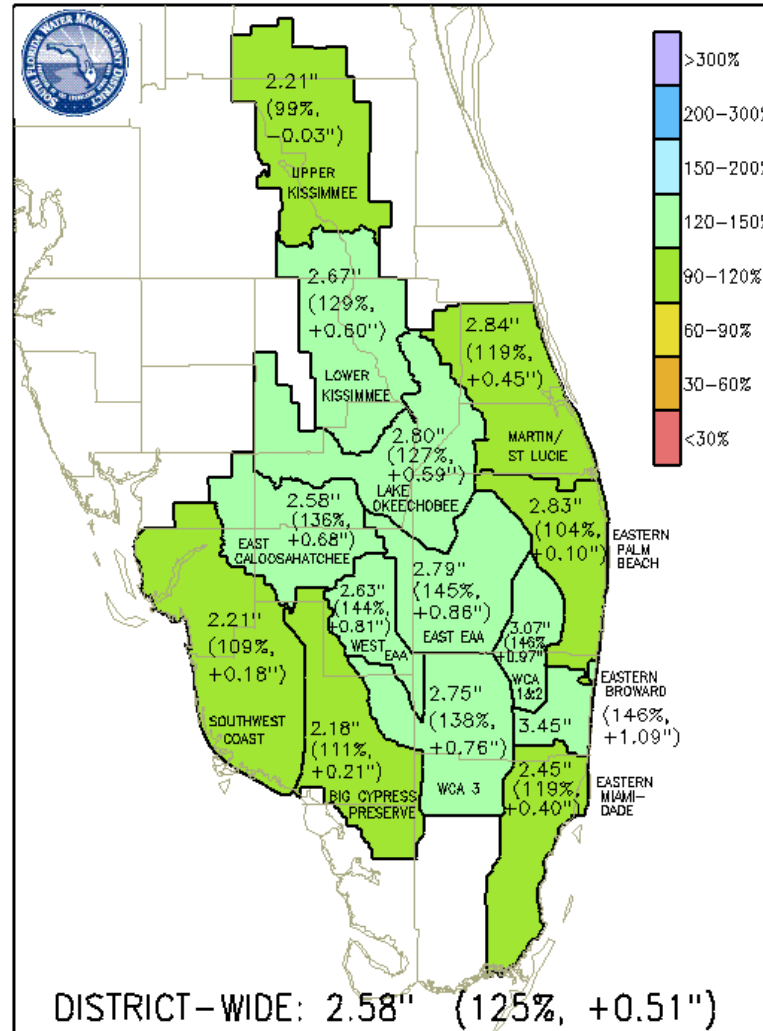


# Above Average Dry Season Rainfall

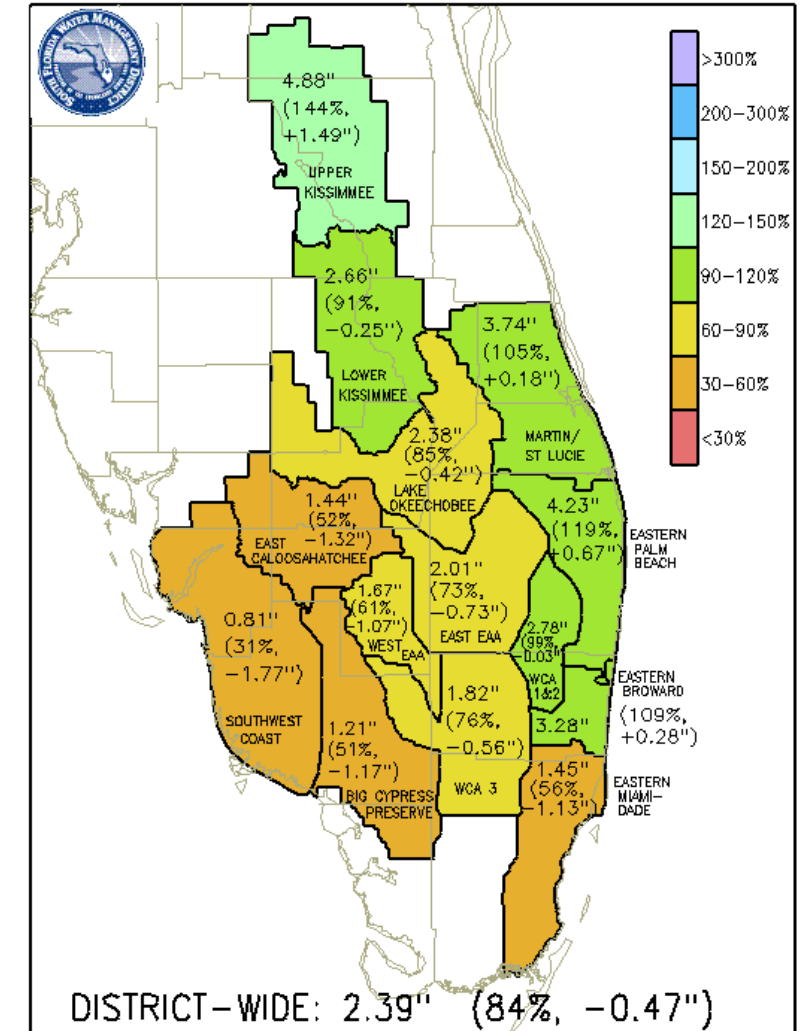
## January 2016



## February 2016



## March 2016

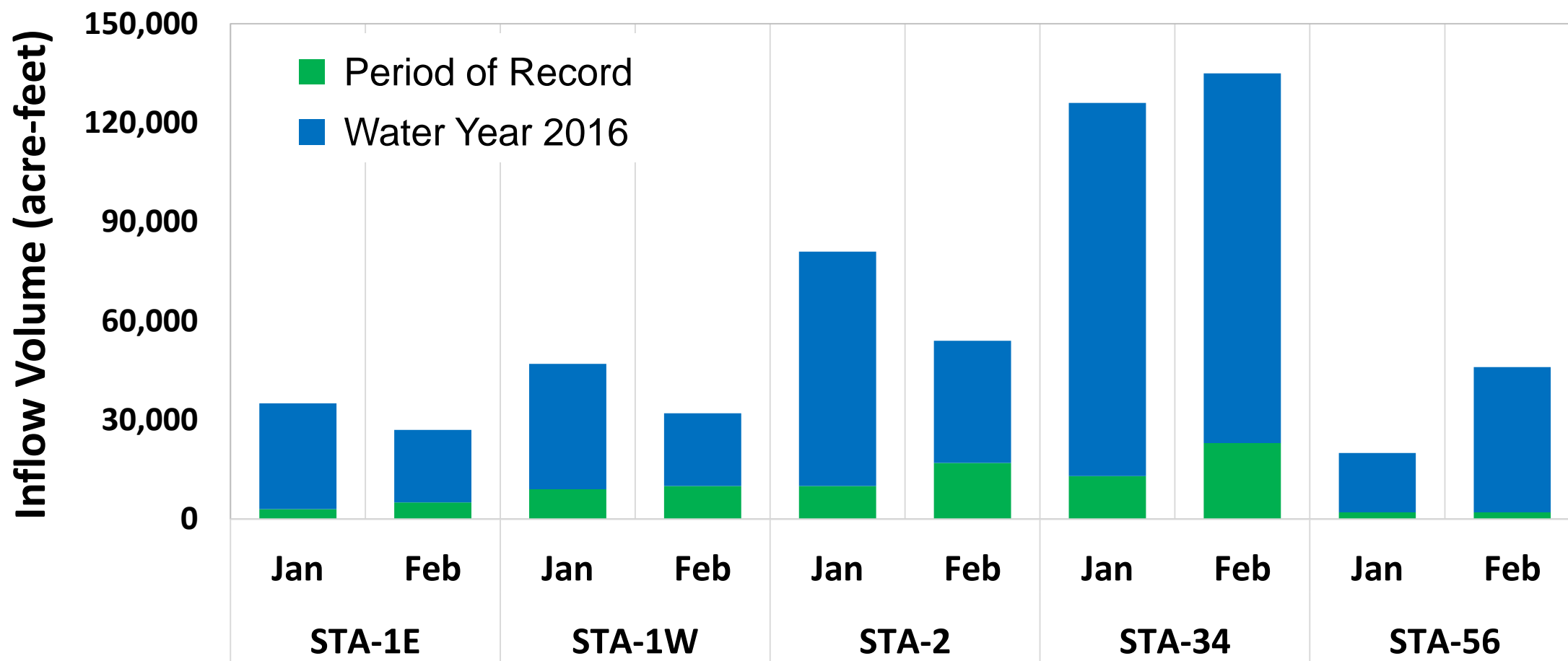






# Everglades STAs: Operations and Performance

## Inflow Volumes (January – February)

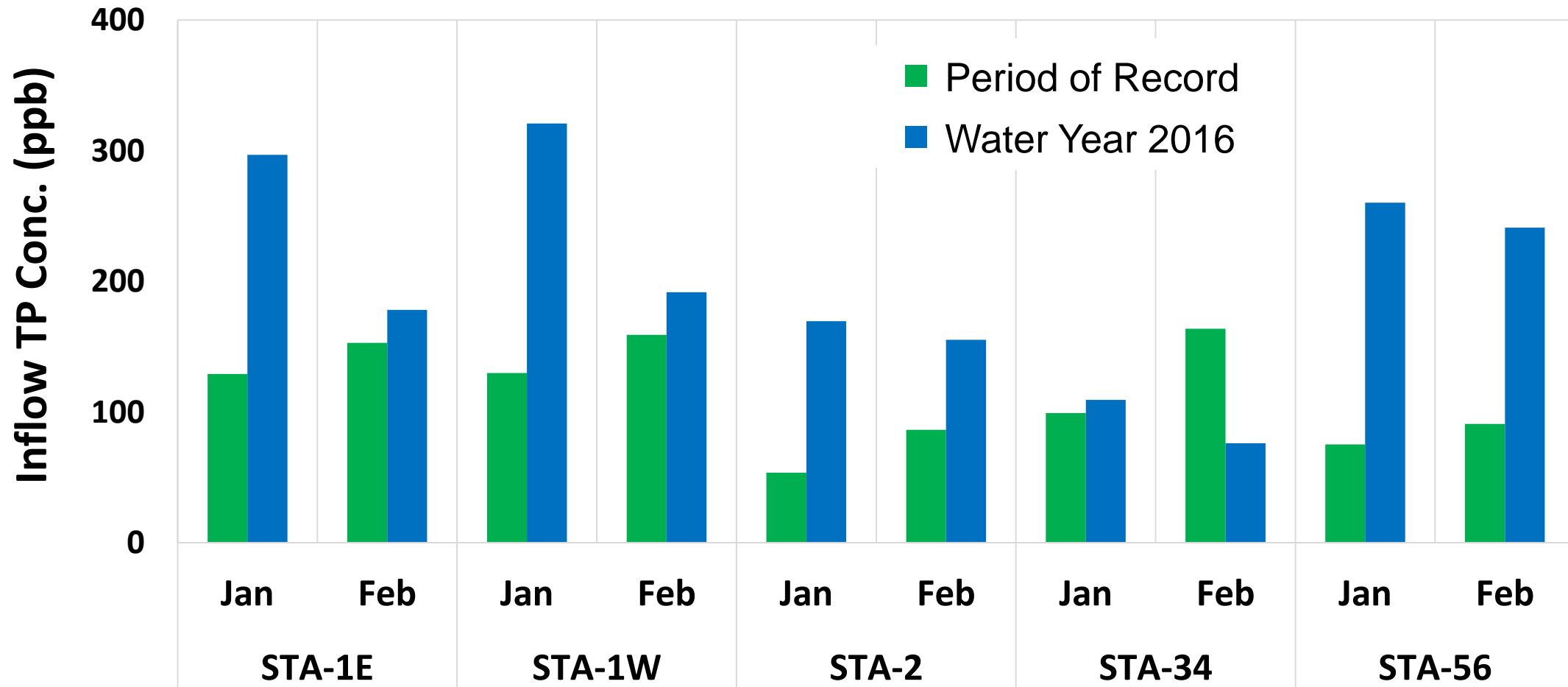


*Includes provisional data which is subject to change*



# Everglades STAs: Operations and Performance

## Inflow Phosphorus Concentrations (January – February)



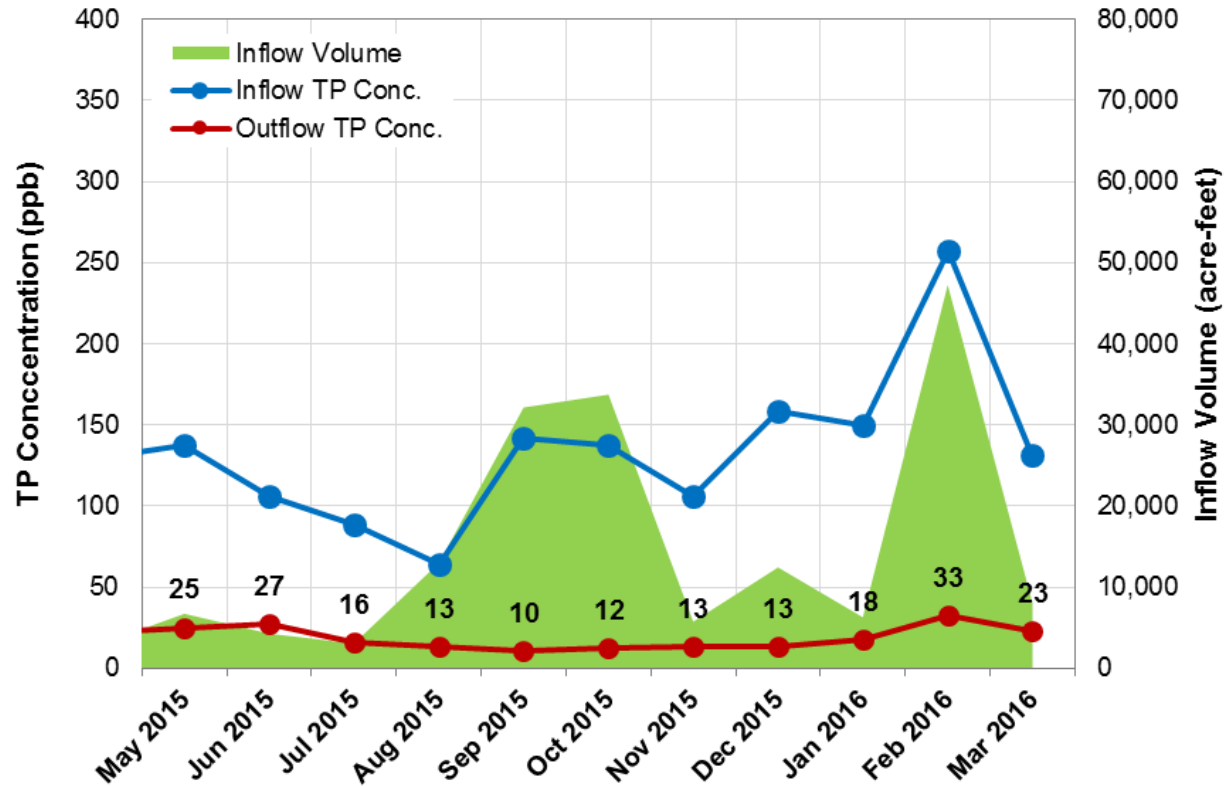
*Includes provisional data which is subject to change*



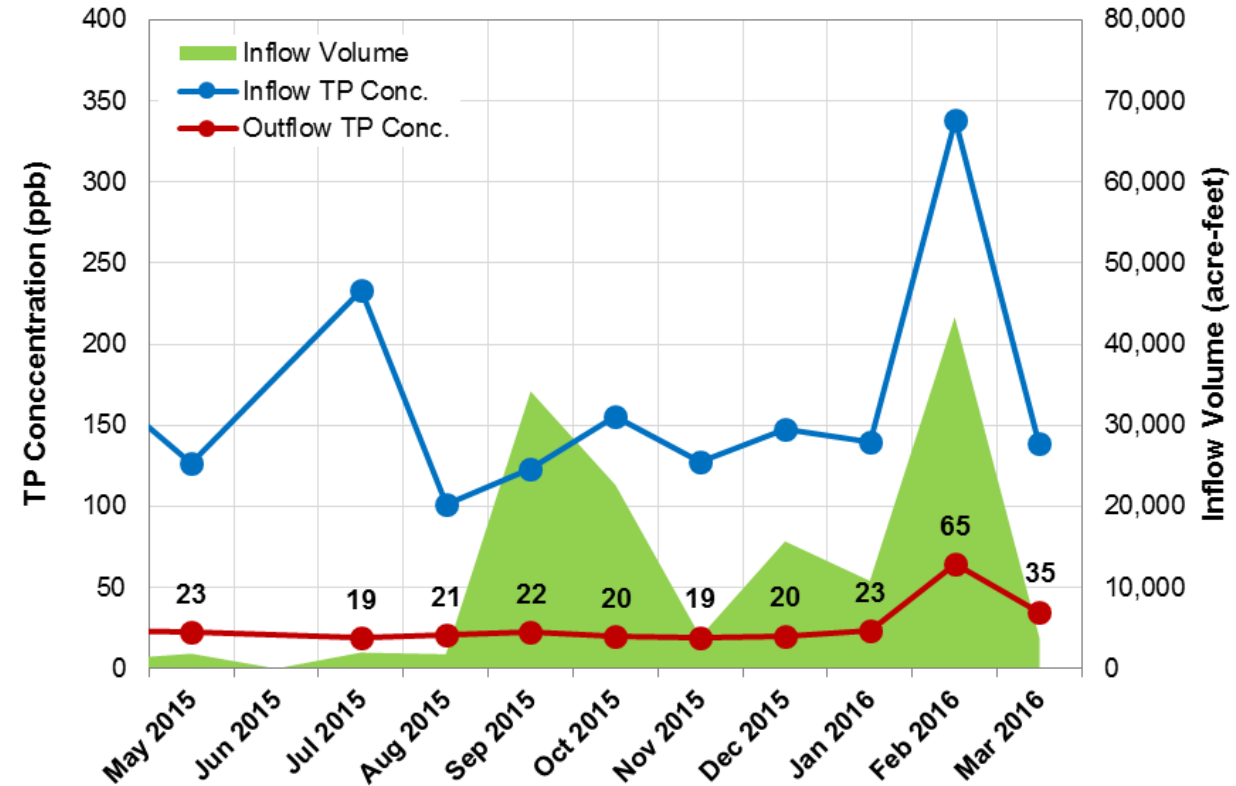
# Everglades STAs: Operations and Performance

## Phosphorus Concentrations and Inflow Volumes (Water Year 2016)

### STA-1E



### STA-1W



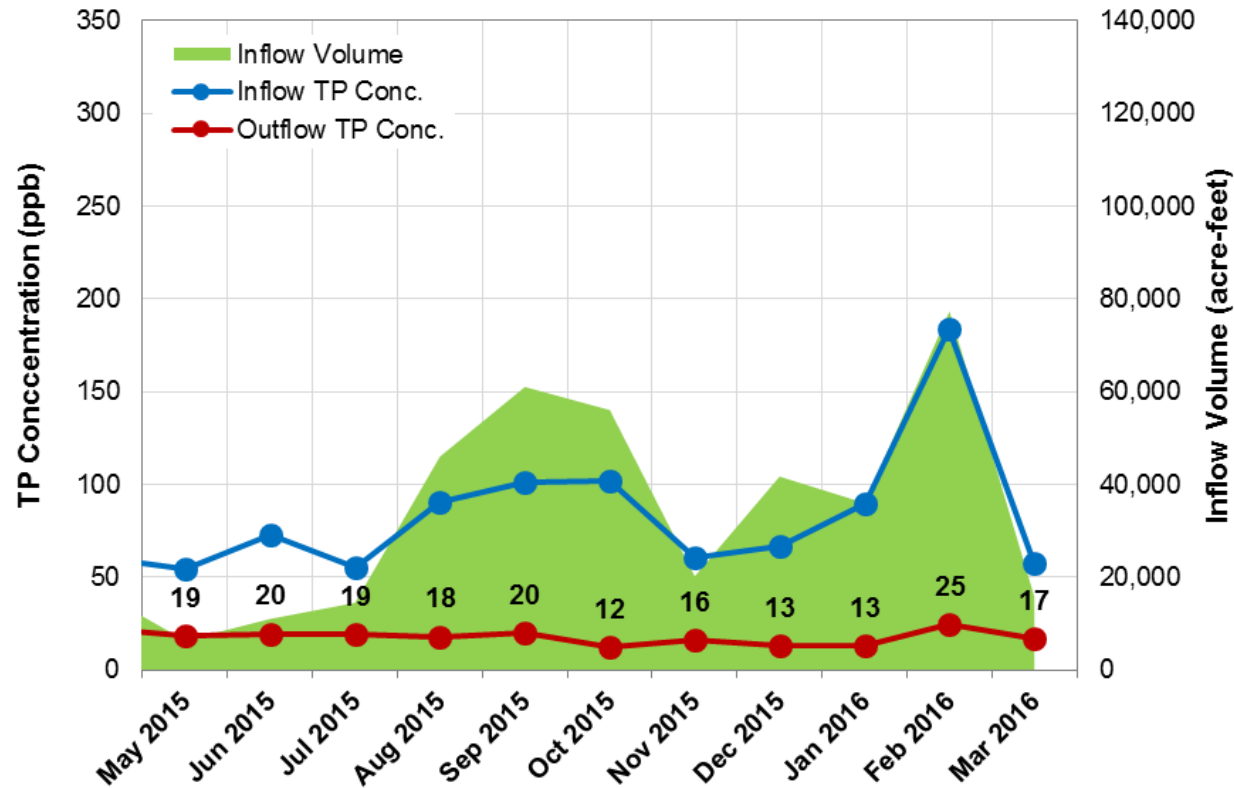
Includes provisional data which is subject to change



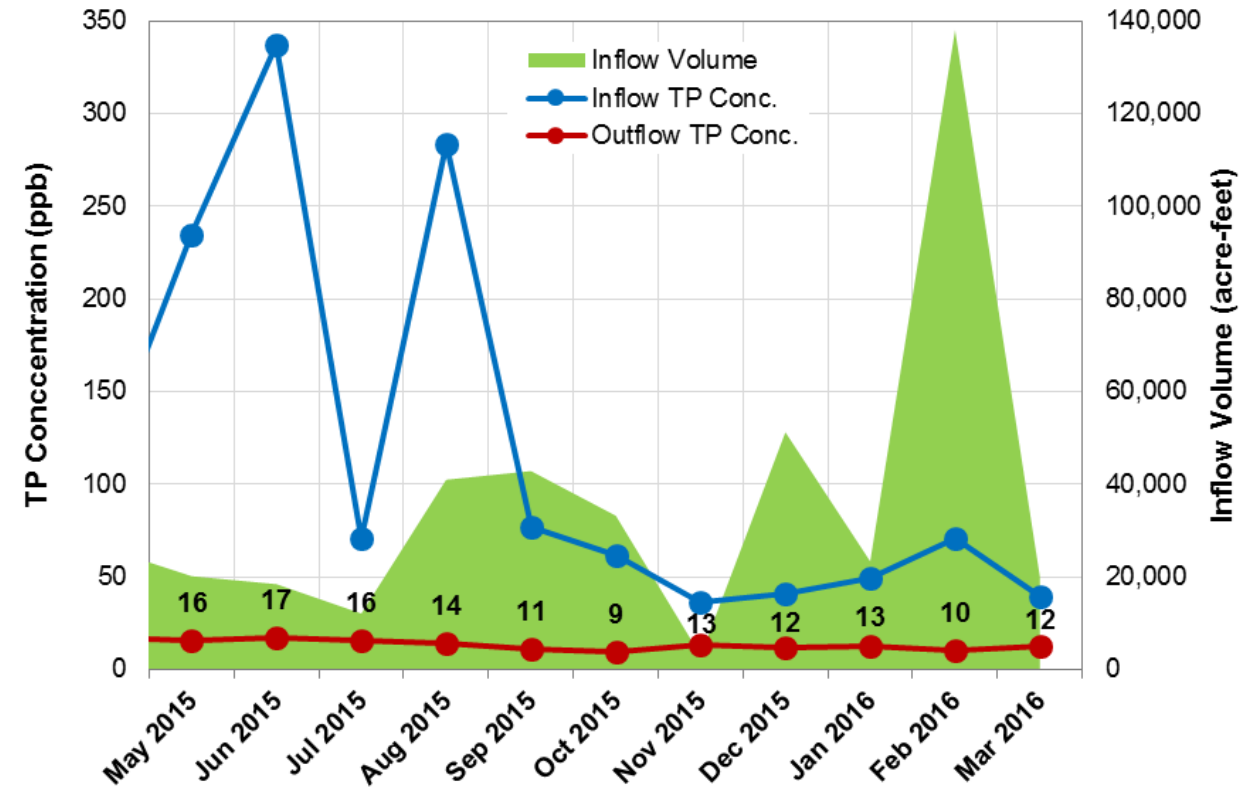
# Everglades STAs: Operations and Performance

## Phosphorus Concentrations and Inflow Volumes (Water Year 2016)

### STA-2



### STA-3/4

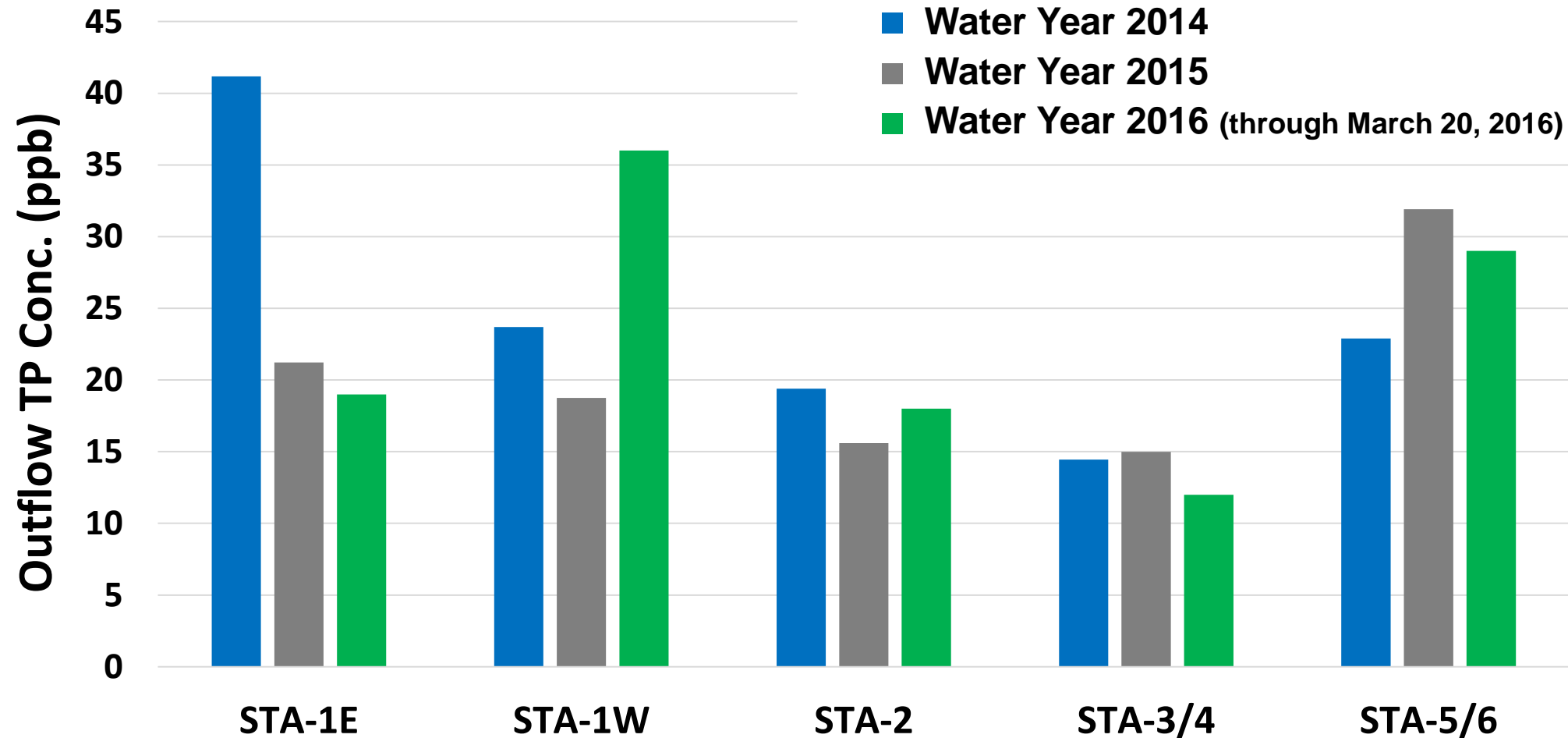


Includes provisional data which is subject to change



# Everglades STAs: Operations and Performance

## Annual Outflow Phosphorus Concentrations



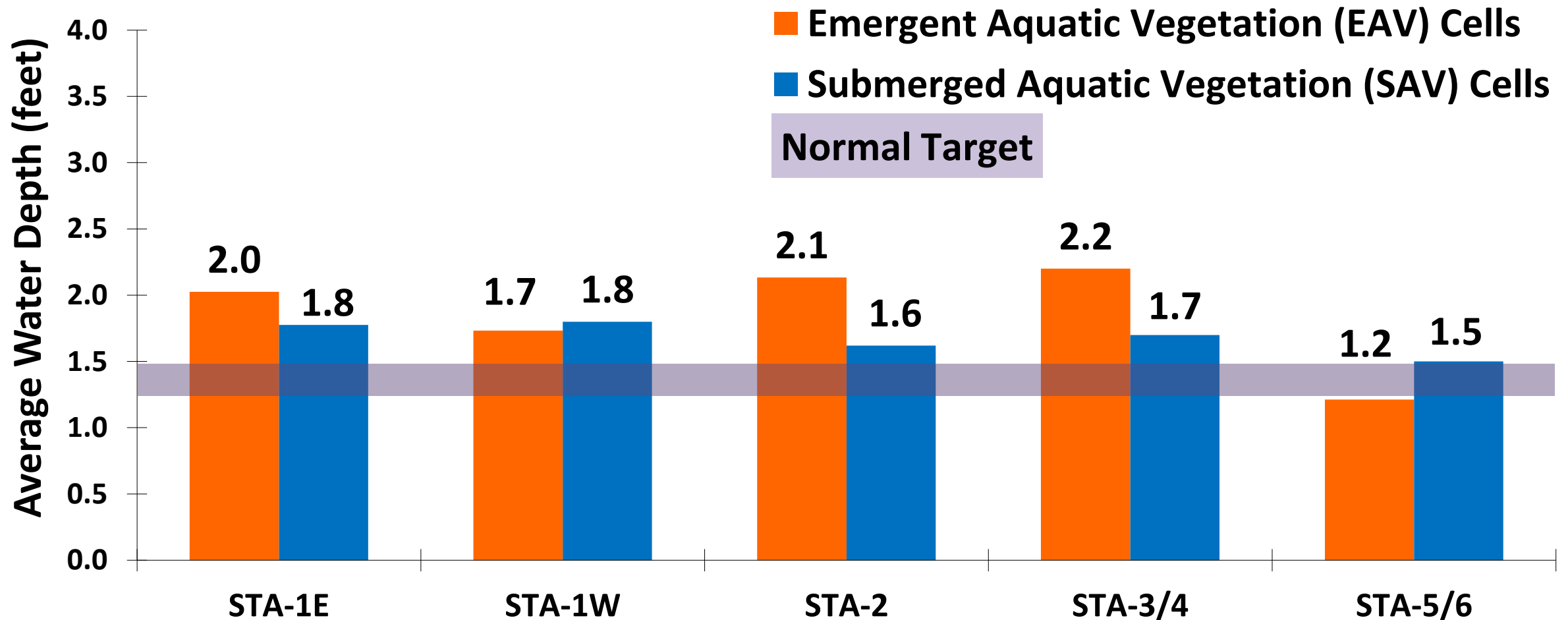
*Includes provisional data which is subject to change*





# Everglades STAs: Operations and Performance

## Water Depths (as of April 4, 2016)

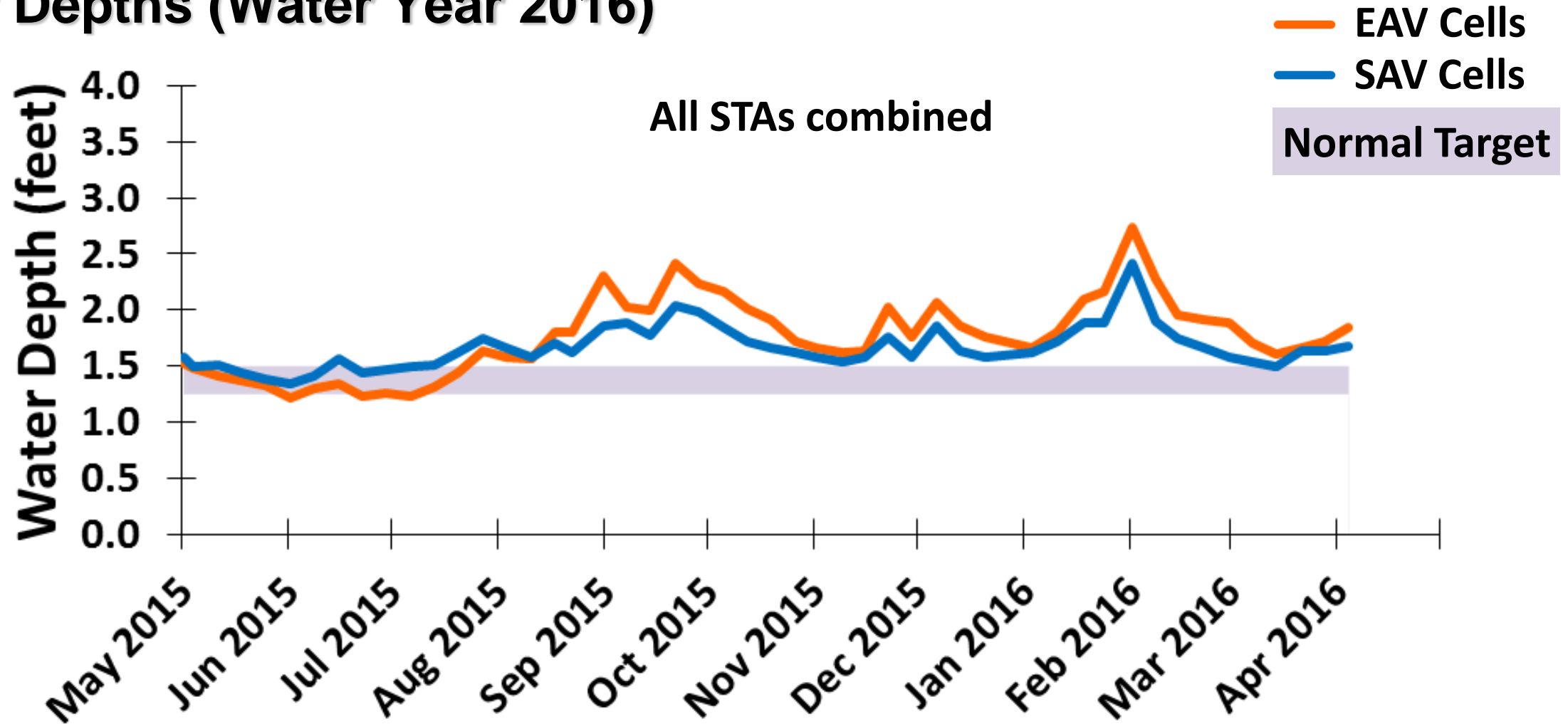


*Includes provisional data which is subject to change*



# Everglades STAs: Operations and Performance

## Water Depths (Water Year 2016)



*Includes provisional data through April 4, 2016 which is subject to change*



## Everglades STAs: Vegetation Conditions

- Many STA cells have excellent EAV and SAV coverage
- In some STA cells, EAV and SAV establishment is ongoing
- SAV loss occurs during the dry season in all STAs, which can affect treatment performance
- Major vegetation management and rehabilitation activities typically occur during the dry season (Nov. – May)
- Undesirable vegetation is controlled throughout the year



STA-1W Cell 1A





# Everglades STAs: Potential Operational Restrictions

- Structure Repairs at STA-1E (by U.S. Army Corps of Engineers)
- Vegetation Rehabilitation at STA-1E, STA-1W, STA-3/4 and STA-5/6







# Everglades STAs: Lake Okeechobee Discharges South

<b>Time Period</b>	<b>Total Lake O Discharges South (acre-feet)</b>	<b>Lake O Discharges South to STAs/FEBs (acre-feet)</b>
<b>November 2015 to date</b>	200,000	66,000
<b>May – October 2015</b>	568,000	193,000
<b>May 2015 to date</b>	768,000	259,000
<b>May 2014 – April 2015</b>	1,189,000	586,000



# Everglades STAs: Examples of Operational Priorities and Constraints

- Avoid hydraulic and phosphorus overloading
- Minimize the magnitude and duration of higher than desirable water depths
- Maintain normal target water depths between storm events
- Minimize diversion of untreated stormwater to the Everglades
- Maintain minimum water depths
  - Keep vegetation alive and ready for treatment
  - Avoid dryout (and potential phosphorus spikes)





# Everglades STAs: Examples of Operational Decision Inputs

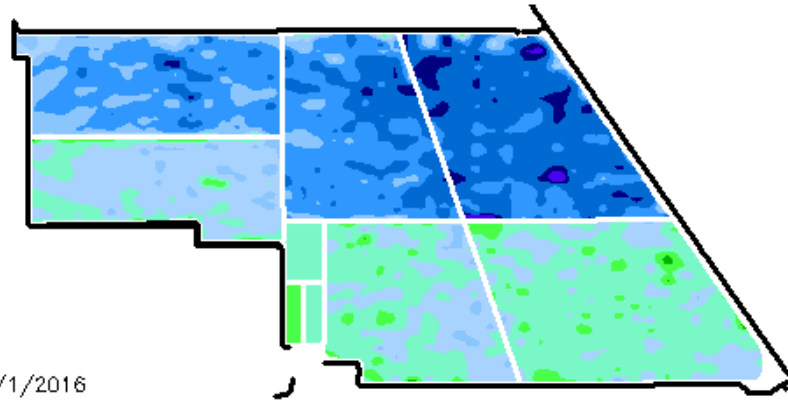
- Outflow phosphorus concentrations
- Performance trends (weekly, monthly, annual)
- Phosphorus loading rates
- Current and recent water depths and flow volumes
- Vegetation conditions
- Status of routine and major vegetation rehabilitation activities
- Weather / climate forecasts
- Conditions in regional water management system

WEEKLY STA PERFORMANCE SUMMARY				
DATE 3/22/2016		LATEST DATA 03/20/2016		
	Entire STA	W Flow-way	C Flow-way	E Flow-way
Inflow Volume (ac-ft)	191,231	48,444	71,043	52,366
Inflow Load (kg)	38,603	7,698	6,975	4,914
Inflow Flow-weighted Mean Conc (ppb)	164	129	80	76
Outflow Volume (ac-ft)	171,314	58,533	60,045	59,097
Outflow Load (kg)	4,012	2,865	960	1,011
Outflow Flow-weighted Mean Conc (ppb)	19	40	13	14
365-day load reduction (kg)	34,590	4,832	6,014	3,904
Inflow Volume (ac-ft)	8,016	456	3,630	1,132
Inflow Load (kg)	1,295	98	383	116
Inflow Flow-weighted Mean Conc (ppb)	131	174	86	83
Outflow Volume (ac-ft)	6,363	554	2,465	109
Outflow Load (kg)	179	38	65	5
Outflow Flow-weighted Mean Conc (ppb)	23	56	21	34
Inflow Volume (ac-ft)	2,322	456	163	263
Inflow Flow-weighted Mean Conc (ppb)	147	174	52	72
Outflow Volume (ac-ft)	1,403	178	no flow	no flow
Outflow Flow-weighted Mean Conc (ppb)	19	57	no flow	no flow
365-day Phosphorus Loading Rate (g/m <sup>2</sup> /yr)	1.9	1.0	0.9	1.1

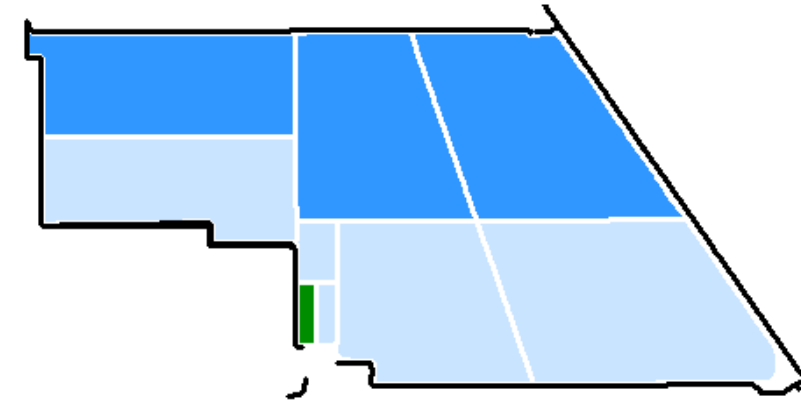
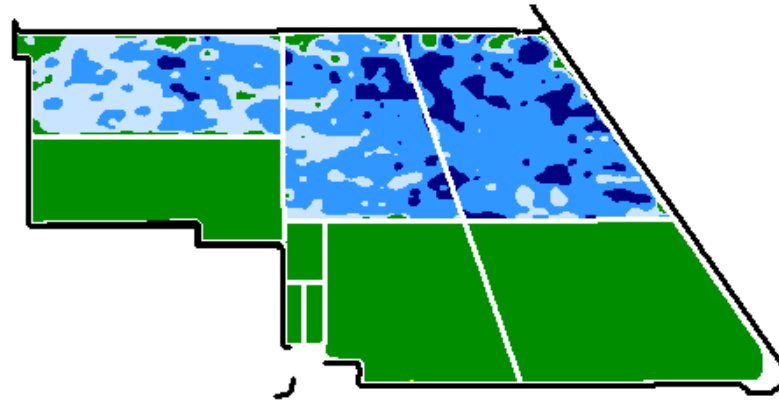




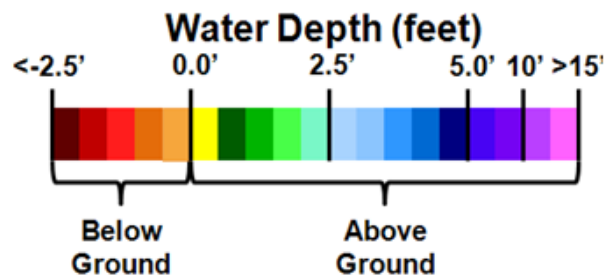
# Everglades STAs: Operational Decision Inputs (cont'd)



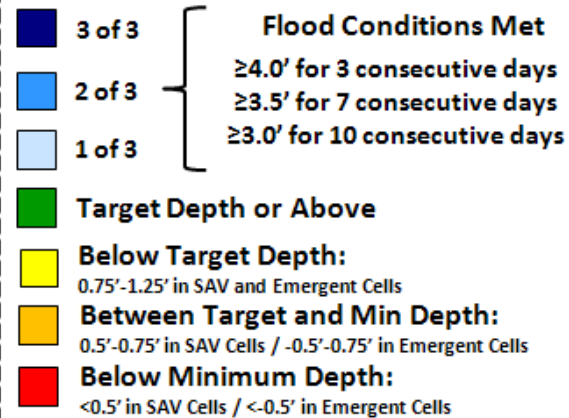
2/1/2016



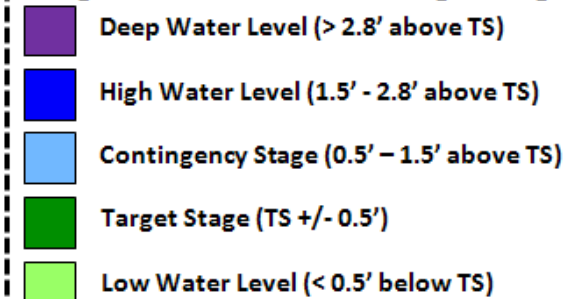
STA-3/4



## STA Seasonal Constraints Index



## Stage Based: Relative to Target Stage (TS)



## Depth / Area Based: Percent of Area Dry

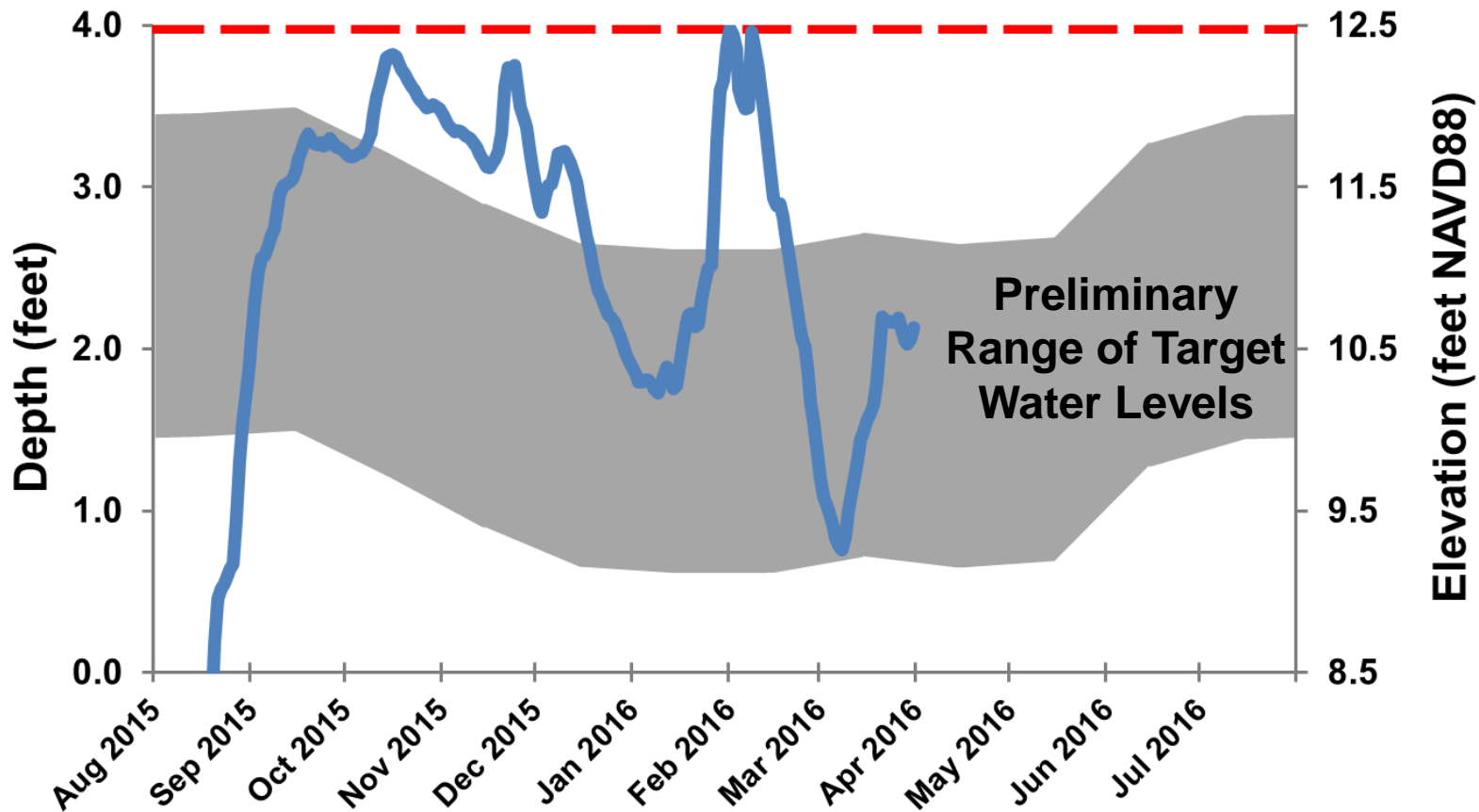






# A-1 Flow Equalization Basin: Operations and Phosphorus Removal Performance

- A-1 FEB intended to improve performance of STA-2 and STA-3/4
- Since March 9, total inflows averaged ~1,800 acre-feet per day
- Since March 9, Lake O releases to A-1 FEB averaged ~1,000 acre-feet per day



*Includes provisional data through March 31, 2016 which is subject to change*



# Everglades STAs: Summary

## L-8 Flow Equalization Basin



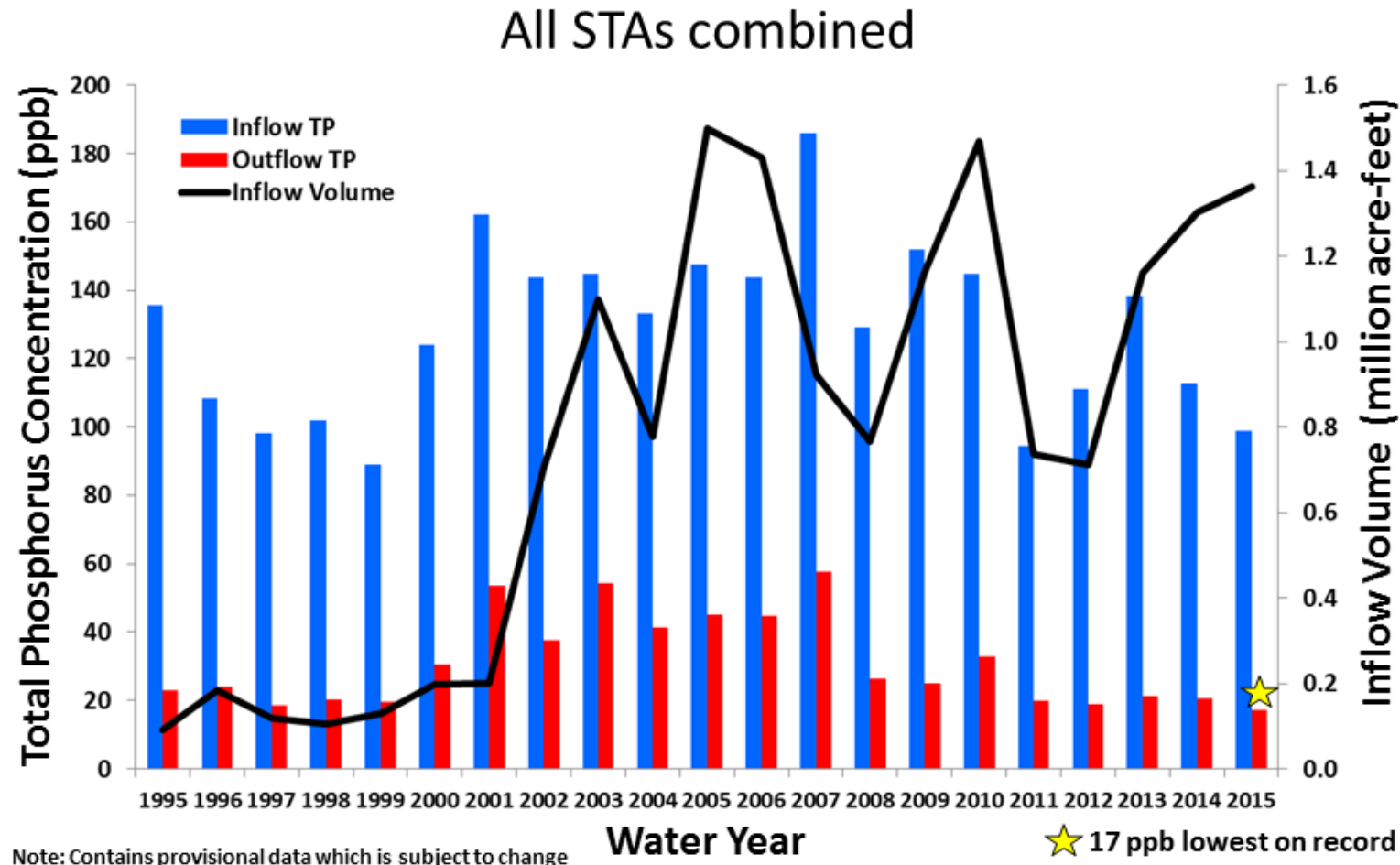
- STAs are performing well, despite wetter than normal dry season conditions
- STA conditions and performance will continue to be carefully monitored and evaluated
- Vegetation management and rehabilitation activities are ongoing
- Due to recent relatively high phosphorus loading, STA treatment performance decline in the wet season is possible



# Follow-up from January 2016 WRAC Presentation

**Action Item #1:** Verify the total cost to date of the District's Everglades-related water quality improvement projects.

**Action Item #2:** Attempt to determine the drivers of the apparent spikes in STA inflow phosphorus concentrations in Water Years 2001 and 2007.





A large flock of white birds, possibly gulls or terns, is captured in flight across a bright blue sky. The birds are scattered throughout the upper two-thirds of the frame, with some in sharp focus and others as smaller specks in the distance. Below the birds, a sandy beach leads to a body of water. A low, light-colored stone or concrete wall runs horizontally across the middle ground, separating the beach from the water. The water is a deep blue, and the horizon is visible in the distance under a clear sky.

**Questions?**